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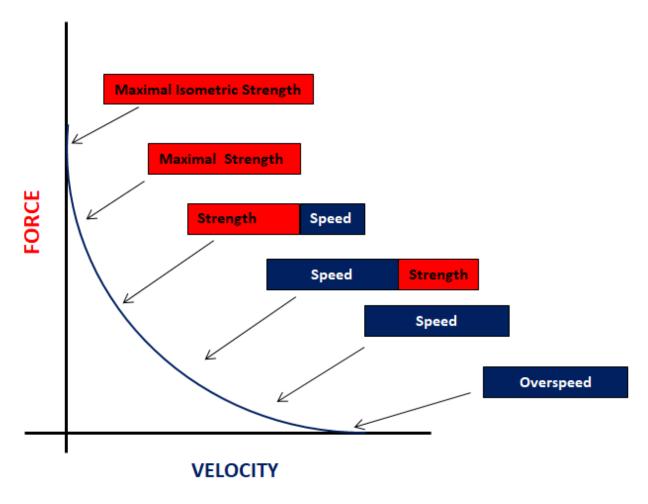


FIGURE 1 – <u>Concentric portion of the</u> Force-Velocity curve

Table 1 Examples of different resistance training prescriptions to enhance strength are included in the table. The assigned exercises are ordered from the lowest to the highest intensity. Potential physiological and performance adaptations are also listed.

Example of targeted muscle group	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Stage 4	Stage 5
Quadriceps	Isometric leg extension 45" x 5 reps @60° knee flexion and @>80%1RM	Isotonic leg extension 5 sets x until failure	Split squat 3-6 reps x 2-6 sets @85– 93%1RM	Eccentric single leg box squat 3-6 reps x 2-6 sets @110- 120% 1RM	Contrast approach - Trap bar deadlift 4RM paired with triple hop x 4 sets
Possible performance gains	 ↑ Peak Power ↑ Strength ↑ RFD ↓ Inter-limb asymmetries ↑ Horizontal force production ↑ Vertical force production 				

RM (repetition maximum), \uparrow (increased), \downarrow (decreased), \rightarrow (unchanged)

Table 2 Examples of exercises aiming to enhance RFD via ballistic/power are included in the table. Potential physiological and performance adaptations are also listed.

Example of prescriptions	Example 1	Example 2	Example 3	Example 4
	Squat jumps (start position from static pause) 3 x 5 sets	Jump shrug 3 x 4 sets (30 to 45% 1RM of the Hang Clean)	Single leg countermovement jump 4 x 4 sets (w/ variable loads)	Explosive contractions (10 isometric contractions "as fast and hard as possible" x 4 sets)
Possible performance gains	↑ Peak Power ↑ CoD performance ↑ Early/Late RFD ↑ Speed ↑ Jump Performance ↓ Inter-limb asymmetries ↑ Running Economy			

RM (repetition maximum), \uparrow (increased), \downarrow (decreased)

Table 3 Example of plyometric exercises to improve SSC capabilities. The assigned exercises are ordered from the lowest to the highest intensity. Potential physiological and performance adaptations are also listed.

Example of prescriptions	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Phase 4
	Drop lands 6reps x 8sets	Pogo jumps 8 contacts x 8 sets	Skipping rope 15 contacts x 5 sets	Drop vertical jumps 5 x 3 sets (from a 30cm box)
Possible performance gains	↑ Eccentric strength ↑ Peak Power ↑ CoD performance ↑ Early RFD ↑ RSI ↑ Jump Performance ↓ Inter-limb asymmetries ↑ Running Economy ↓ Ground Contact Time			

 $[\]uparrow$ (increased), \downarrow (decreased)

Table 4 Example of exercises for Football player (midfielder) with persistent Achilles Tendinopathy presenting with maladaptive reduced triceps surae capacities aiming to full Rehabilitation and enhanced Performance over a 12 weeks period

Rehabilitation Phase	Training Aim	Exercise Prescription
Phase 1 – Work capacity/pain	To increase strength-endurance	Unilateral seated calf raises (3
reduction emphasis	and reduce pain	sets with manageable load until
		failure)
		Isometric calf raises on smith
		machine (3 x 45s)
		RFESS (3 x 8RM each leg)
Phase 2 – Strength emphasis	To increase muscle strength and	Eccentric heel drops (4 x 10)
	musculotendinous stiffness	Unilate valota valina palf vaisas
		Unilateral standing calf raises
		(4 x 6-8RM)
		RFESS (4 x 6RM)
		, ,
		Drop lands (4 x 4)
Phase 3 – Power and RFD emphasis	To increase power output and RFD	Split squat (3 x 3RM each leg)
Cimpinasis		Pogos (3 x 15-20 foot contacts)
		Drop jumps (4 x 4 from 20cm)
Phase 4 – Peak power and RFD emphasis	To increase peak power, RFD and enhanced stiffness	Front squat (3 x 2RM)
		Drop jumps (5 x 3 from 40cm)
		Unilateral drop jumps (3 x 3 from
		20cm each leg)

RM = repetition maximum; RFD = rate of force development; RFESS = rear foot elevated split squat

Table 5 Example of exercises for a soccer player (midfielder) at 6 months post-ACLR presenting with maladaptive reduced quadriceps capacities. The aim is to complete Rehabilitation fully and to enhance Performance over a 12-16 weeks period

Rehabilitation Phase	Training Aim	Exercise Prescription
Phase 1 – Work capacity	To increase strength-endurance	Unilateral leg extension (3 sets
emphasis	of the quadriceps	with manageable load until
		failure)
		Single leg squat (3 sets until
		failure)
Phase 2 – Strength emphasis	To increase quadriceps muscle	Front squat (4 x 6RM)
	strength	
		Split squat (4 x 6RM)
		Romanian Deadlift (4 x 6RM)
Phase 3 – Power and RFD	To increase power output and	Split squat (3 x 3RM each leg)
emphasis	RFD	
		Squat jumps (3 x 4)
		CMJ (3 x 4)
		SL hop (3 x 4 each leg)
Phase 4 – Peak power and RFD	To increase peak power, RFD and	Front squat (3 x 2RM)
emphasis	enhanced stiffness	Drop jumps (5 x 3)
		Diop jullips (5 x 5)
		Repeated hurdle jumps (5 x 5)
		SLCMJ (5 x 3 each leg)

RM = repetition maximum; RFD = rate of force development